Applicant : David Alland, et al.

Serial No.: 09/918,951 Filed: July 31, 2001

Page 2

Claim Amendments

1-45 (canceled)

- 46 (currently amended): A method of determining whether a drug or compound is effective against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* comprising:
- (a) transforming, into a mycobacterium, a vector construct comprising thea nucleotide sequence of thea Mycobacterium tuberculosis iniB promoter inserted into a plasmid-into a mycobacterium;
 - (b) culturing the mycobacterium:;
 - (c) treating the cultured cellsmycobacterium with the drug; and
- (d) measuring induction of the iniB promoter, the presence of induction indicating the drug is effective against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

47 (withdrawn)

- 48 (previously added): The method of claim 46, wherein the mycobacterium is selected from the group consisting of Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Mycobacterium avium, Mycobacterium smegmatis, Mycobacterium bovis BCG, Mycobacterium leprae, Mycobacterium africanium, and Mycobacterium intracellulare.
- 49 (previously added): The method of claim 46, wherein the induction of the iniB promoter causes the expression of a reporter gene.
- 50 (previously added): The method of claim 49, wherein the reporter gene is selected from the group consisting of lacZ and luciferase.

Applicant: David Alland, et al.

Serial No. : 09/918,951 Filed : July 31, 2001

Page 3

51 (currently amended): the The method of claim 46, wherein the drug or compound is effective against the biosynthesis of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* cell wall.

52 (new): The method of claim 46, wherein the nucleotide sequence of the iniB promoter comprises SEQ ID NO:1 and nucleotides 1-159 of SEQ ID NO:2.